

# WSC 304 01

Smoke control unit Operating manual / Technical information



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# Attention! Adherence to the following information is mandatory:

Only allow correspondingly trained, qualified and skilled personnel to carry out installation work.

Reliable operation and the avoidance of damage and hazards is only guaranteed if installation and settings are carried out carefully in accordance with these instructions.

Check the technical data on the system plate.

Hazards to persons ensuing from flaps and wings operated by electric motors.

The forces occurring in the automatic mode can be such that parts of the body could get crushed. When opened, actuators could protrude into the room.

For this reason, measures have to be taken prior to starting up the actuators which exclude the danger of injury.

With wings tilting inwards or outwards, the wing must be protected from hinging down once the actuator is unhooked (e.g. for window cleaning). For safety reasons we recommend the use of catching shears.

In the event that wings or flaps are subjected to high wind loads, we recommend to connect the central control unit to a wind detector which will automatically close the flaps.

The fastening methods are exclusively intended for the intended use for which they are designed The manufacturer does not assume any liability for possible damage resulting from inappropriate use.

#### 230V AC dangerous voltage

Can cause death, severe injury or considerable damage to assets.

The connection of the control system is reserved for qualified personnel.

Disconnect all poles of the unit from the supply voltage prior to opening, installation or assembling. Adhere to the VDE regulations.

#### **Field of application**

The central control system is exclusively designed for the automatic closing of smoke extraction systems, windows, flaps or doors. Always check that your system meets the valid

regulations. Pay particular attention to the opening cross section, the opening time and opening speed. The cable cross sections depend on the cable length and current consumption (amperage).

#### Maintenance work

Where devices are used in smoke and heat extraction systems, ensure that they are checked, maintained and, if necessary, repaired at least once per year.

Remove all soiling from the devices,

check the fastening and clamping screws for firm seating. Trial run the entire system.

Defective devices may only be repaired in our factory. Only use original spare parts.

The supplied accumulators are subject to regular checks and must be replaced every 4 years.

#### Cable routing and electrical connection

Fuse the 230V AC power supply cable separately on site. Leave the insulation of the power supply cable in place up to the mains terminal.

Adhere to the DIN and VDE regulations (Germany) or equivalent in your country.

Establish the cable types, if necessary, with the local approval bodies or the fire protection authority. Do not conceal flexible cables. Junction box must be accessible for maintenance purposes. Disconnect all poles of the mains voltage and the accumulators prior to starting maintenance work or making changes to the system.

Secure the system to prevent unintentional switching on again.

Design cable types, lengths and cross sections in accordance with the technical information. Route all low voltage cables (24V DC) separate from the power current cables.

#### Manufacturer's declaration

The devices have been inspected and manufactured in accordance with the European directives. A corresponding manufacturer's declaration is available.

You are only authorised to use the devices if a conformity declaration is issued for the entire system.

# **Operating elements and fuse review WSC 304 01**



#### Smoke and heat extraction system alarm trip:

#### Break glass unit::

Break the glass in the break glass unit! Press the red button. The smoke extraction opens. An acoustic alarm signal sounds (continuous sound) in the break glass unit. All ventilation functions are out of operation. **Display:** The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit and the red LED in the break glass unit are lit.

#### Smoke detector:

If smoke develops, the smoke extraction system automatically opens.

An acoustic alarm signal sounds (continuous sound) in the break glass unit.

All ventilation functions are out of operation.

**Display:** The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit, the red LED in the break glass unit, and the red LED at the tripped automatic detector are lit.

#### Resetting a tripped smoke control unit:

Press the "CLOSE button" in the break glass unit or the "Reset button" in the smoke control unit.

The acoustic alarm signal in the break glass unit stops sounding.

The ventilation functions are operational again once the smoke extraction system has closed.

(Prior to resetting, blow out or replace the detector after it was tripped by an automatic detector).

**Display:** The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit, the red LED in the break glass unit, and the red LED at the tripped automatic detector extinguish.

#### Tripping caused by high temperature:

The smoke control system automatically trips if the temperature inside the smoke control unit exceeds 70°C. An acoustic alarm signal sounds (continuous sound) in the break glass unit.

Display: The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit and the red LED in the break glass unit are lit.

The yellow malfunction LED in the break glass unit flashes.

#### Resetting a trip caused by high temperature:

The smoke extraction system can be closed again by pressing the "Reset button" in the smoke control unit or the "CLOSE button" in the break glass unit.

After operating the CLOSE function, an acoustic pulse tone sounds, and the flashing malfunction LED is only displayed in the break glass unit. The green operation LED remains lit as a special fault diagnosis. Operating the ventilation button, OPEN or STOP will lead to the tripping of another alarm.

#### Note:

The built-in thermal switch will then be irreversibly destroyed. The smoke control unit has to be returned for checking.

#### Alarm trip caused by a malfunction signal:

When this function is activated (SW2/1 = ON), the smoke control unit will trip in the event of a motor, smoke detector or break glass unit circuit malfunction. An acoustic alarm signal sounds (continuous sound) in the break glass unit.

No trip occurs as a result of a malfunction in the mains or battery circuit.

**Display:** The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit and the red LED in the break glass unit are lit.

The yellow malfunction LED in the break glass unit and the corresponding yellow malfunction LED in the smoke control unit flash.

#### Option: External signalling of the alarm or malfunction signal

It is possible to send an alarm or malfunction signal potential free, by plugging in the alarm/malfunction signalling module.

#### Cascading smoke control units:

The smoke control units can be cascaded by a monitored 2 wire connection from the alarm module of the master smoke control unit to the smoke detector input of the slave central panel.

A malfunction in the cascaded smoke control units is detected via the 2 wire BUS cable. The malfunction is only displayed in the corresponding smoke control unit and in the break glass unit connected to the master smoke control unit.

#### Ventilation functions:

#### Ventilation OPEN:

With the dead man's circuit activated (SW2/2 = ON), the actuators only move open for as long as the OPEN button of the ventilation button is kept pressed.

If no dead man's function is activated (SW2/2 = OFF), the actuators open after pressing the OPEN button (self hold).

Display: The ventilation open LED in the ventilation button is lit (only with LED integrated in the button).

#### Ventilation stop:

The actuators stop when both buttons are pressed.

Display: The ventilation open LED in the ventilation button remains lit (only with LED integrated in the button).

#### Ventilation closed:

The actuators close after pressing the CLOSED button.

**Display:** The ventilation open LED in the ventilation button has extinguished (only with LED integrated in the button).

#### **Option: Ventilation time module**

Time setting between 1 and 30 min. Once this time has elapsed, the actuators close after ventilation "OPEN" or ventilation "STOP". This function is not operative if the setting potentiometer is on the right-hand stop.

#### Wind/rain CLOSE:

The actuators close when the wind/rain sensor has tripped (potential free contact in the sensor switches). The ventilation functions are out of operation as long as a tripped situation is pending.

#### Option: Transmission of the wind/rain signal

The trip signal of the wind/rain sensor can be transmitted potential free to the next smoke control unit by plugging in the wind/rain relaying module.

#### Note: All ventilation functions are locked in the event of a power failure or when an alarm is triggered!

#### **General information:**

#### CLOSE after a power failure:

Opened actuators will automatically close via the ventilation system 5 minutes after a power failure. In the event of alarm, this function will be out of operation.

#### **EMC** protection:

All inputs and outputs are protected from coupled in interferences.

#### Short-circuit protection:

All outputs are protected against short-circuit and overload.

#### Maintenance:

Smoke control systems must be maintained by the builder at least once per year.

The maintenance and check of the system must be documented in a test placard in the smoke control unit as well as in a logbook.

#### Optional sheet for CLOSE signal from ASV

The ASV-CLOSE function is an optional function that must be specially made in the production by using a special software.

#### ASV CLOSE:

When ASV CLOSE is tripped, all actuators automatically "CLOSE". An acoustic alarm signal sounds (continuous sound) in the break glass unit. All ventilation functions are out of operation. **Display:** The red alarm LED in the smoke control unit and the red LED in the break glass unit are lit.

An alarm in the break glass unit (actuators "OPEN") has priority over an ASV CLOSE signal.

#### **Connection values:**

#### 4A version

1)	Input	230V / 5060Hz -	100VA
2)	Output	24V DC -	when 4A output current
	Output	36V DC	when no output current

#### Fuses:

3)	Mains	630mA	slow blow
4)	Motor	4A	slow blow
5)	Accumulator	630mA	medium slow blow

#### **Connection possibilities:**

- 1) Motors up to 4A.
- 2) Smoke detectors, up to 10 pieces.
- 3) Break glass units (main), up to 2 per PCB (max. current load of the trigger signal = 120mA).
- 4) Break glass units (secondary), up to 15 per PCB.
- 5) Ventilation buttons with 'open' indicator, up to 15, any number without 'open' indicator (max. current load = 120mA).
- 6) Wind/rain detectors with potential free close contact (max. current load of the detector = 250mA).
- 7) ASV CLOSE function at the smoke detector input (insert ASV module).

#### Setting possibilities via slide switch SW2:

SW 2/1 = ON	The smoke control system trips by a malfunction signal from the motor, smoke detector or break glass unit.
SW 2/1 = OFF	The smoke control system does not trip by a malfunction signal. The malfunction signal is only displayed by LED's.
SW 2/2 = ON	The actuators <b>only</b> open for as long as the ventilation button is pressed (dead man control).
SW 2/2 = OFF	The actuators open as long as the ventilation button is pressed (self-hold).

#### **MALFUNCTION REMEDY:**

#### Diagnosis / monitoring in the control unit:

LED auf den Platinen	Funktionen	Störung	Diagnose		
Mains (green)	Lit Off		Check mains voltage and mains fuse		
Operation (green)	Lit	Off	Check all functions		
Smoke detector (yellow)	Off	Flashes when interrupted, is lit after a short circuit	Check wiring and the active end module.		
Break glass unit (yellow)	Off	Flashes when interrupted, is lit after a short circuit	Check wiring and the active end module		
Motor circuit (yellow)	Off	Flashes when interrupted, after approx. 8 s	Check motor end module and the motor fuse		
Battery/load control (yellow)	Off	See battery diagnosis	See battery diagnosis		

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#### Diagnosis / battery monitoring:

#### **Battery charge:**

Charging voltage 27.6V to 28V. Charging current limited to approx. 500mA. Short-circuit monitoring of the connection cables, charging voltage disconnected in the event of a short-circuit.

Malfunction	Function	Diagnosis
Yellow battery – LED flashes	Mains failure or charging voltage below 25V	Check the mains fuse and the charging voltage
Yellow battery – LED is lit	No battery or battery voltage below 18V	Check battery, battery voltage and battery fuse

#### Note: The battery malfunction indicator can have a time delay of approx. 8 s.

<u>Note:</u> Replace the emergency power batteries every 4 years!

#### **Optional plug-in modules:**

#### Multi-input malfunction warning module (WSA 301) - Model 1:

Multi-input malfunction warning:

1 x change-over contact (max. load: 60V, 1A) with 3 pole connection terminal for potential free transmission to the BMS / panel etc.

2 pole connection terminal for 2 wire BUS cable for the feedback of malfunctions in cascaded control centres to the break glass unit connected to the master smoke control unit.

#### Alarm message:

1 x change-over contact (max. load: 60V, 1A) with 3 pole connection terminal for potential free transmission to BMS / panel etc., or as monitored 2 wire alarm cable for cascading control centres.

Jumper plugged in J1 = Only for the alarm transmission to the next smoke control panel unit (cascading). Jumper plugged in J2 = pot.-free alarm contact (factory setting).

#### Wind/rain relaying module (WSA 302) - Model 2:

1 x change-over contact (max. load: 60V, 1A) with 3 pole connection terminal for potential free transmission of the wind/rain trip.

#### Ventilation time module (WSA 303) - Model 3:

Automatic closing in the ventilation mode according to preselected time (1 min. to 30 min.) after ventilation OPEN was actuated.

#### Installation information:

Fit the break glass units at a height of approx. 1.40 m of FF top edge.

#### **Cable routing**

Observe the safety information on page 2.

For cable routing we recommend the use of fire protected cables retaining their function E90 or E30.

However, this has to be agreed with the Engineer or, if necessary, with the local fire protection department. Do not reduce the cable cross sections specified in the cable lengths table.

All cables of the control centre (except the mains supply cable) carry 24V DC and have to be routed separate from the mains supply cable.

Adhere to the pertinent VDE regulations when routing the cables.

Do not use the green/yellow conductor.

Ensure that the mains cable can be switched via an external or customer-supplied two-pole switch element or a switch element controlling all poles.

#### **Control centre installation**

Note that the control centre has to be installed in a dry room.

#### Concealed housing

Refer to the sketch below for the installation position



**Notice:** Smoke central units in metal housing are only for surface mounting.

Open central control and remove the housing top section (door) from the housing bottom section. Fasten the housing bottom section in the wall cut-out (cut-out dimension  $335 \times 350 \times 95$ ) and refit the housing top section. Also possibility for surface mounting with the included frames.

#### Installation of the Break glass unit, ventilation buttons and detectors

Ensure that the Break glass unit and the ventilation buttons are visible and well accessible. Do not fit behind protruding walls, door panels or hidden by the building structure. Note: Installation height of the Break glass unit = 1.4 m above floor top edge. Install the automatic detectors in accordance with the enclosed operating manuals.

#### Installation

Lead the connection cables into the housing of the control centre from above. All connection terminals (except the mains terminals) are of the plug-on type. Connect the connection cables in accordance with the terminal plan. Ensure that the connections are made correctly.

Incorrect clamping, mixing up numbers or colours could lead to malfunctions of the central control or of the external components.

## Cable lengths table

Ensure that the electrical cables are always routed according to the valid national and local regulations of the individual country.

#### Maintaining the cable functions

The sample cable system directive (MLAR) in its current version is decisive for the type of cables and their corresponding way of routing. In most of the German provinces, MLAR has been introduced as Technical Construction Regulation. Various revisions of the MLAR as Technical Construction Regulation are valid in the individual provinces. Due to the fact that the requirements with regard to the conductors for smoke control systems contained in the individual versions differ considerably, different conductor requirements result for the individual provinces. MLAR is based on the state-of-the-art of the year 2000 (Revision: 06/2001). In this directive, for the first time a differentiation is made between machine operated and natural smoke ventilation systems. For natural smoke extraction systems it is sufficient to maintain the function according to classification E30. These cables must be checked and approved in accordance with DIN 4102 Part 12. Route the cables in conformity with the instructions of the cable manufacturers using the corresponding fastening materials. The maintenance of the function for the smoke ventilation cables is not required if all cable paths are monitored by the smoke detector and when the smoke and heat detection system opens as a result of the automatic detector tripping.

Concealed installation is not an approved type of installation to maintain the function in accordance with DIN 4102 Part 12. The function is also only securely maintained by cables of class E30, or the room is monitored by smoke detectors.

The cable network for smoke ventilation systems ("Cable system") ends at the interface (junction box) for the actuator! The flexible, heat resistant connection cable of the smoke ventilation system actuator is part of the system component ,electric motor actuation' and does not belong to the electrical installation!

We recommend in all cases to discuss the type of cable routing with the competent fire fighting authorities. Independent of the fact whether or not the respective MLAR is introduced in the corresponding province as Technical Building Regulation, we recommend to point out the technical possibilities and the state-of-the-art of MLAR 2000.

#### Cable length table

For determining the maximum permissible cable lengths between the smoke control unit and the actuators, taking into account the specified cables cross sections, please refer to the following table:

Maximum motor current: 4A (Note: Be aware of the overall capacity of the smoke control unit!)

Maximum cable length: (always routed from the central smoke control unit to the last junction box) Actuating current: Sum of all motor currents per group module

#### Note: Do not use the green/yellow wire!

Per motor supply line, 3 wires are required (2 wires current carrying /1 wire for monitoring)

Cross section	3 wire	5 wire	3 wire	5 wire	3 wire
	1,5 mm²	1,5 mm²	2,5 mm²	2,5 mm²	4 mm²
Actuator current in		(2 wires in		(2 wires in	
Amps		parallel)		parallel)	
1	84,00 m	168,00 m	140,00 m	280,00 m	224,00 m
2	42,00 m	84,00 m	70,00 m	140,00 m	112,00 m
3	28,00 m	56,00 m	46,67 m	93,33 m	74,67 m
4	21,00 m	42,00 m	35,00 m	70,00 m	56,00 m

(The information is valid for ambient temperatures of 25°C)

#### Formula for the calculation of the maximum cable length

Permissible max. voltage drop in the line UL: 2 Volt

max. cable length = permissible voltage drop(UL) x conductivity of copper(56) x cable cross section(A) max. actuator current total (I) in amps x 2

Permissible cable length for the break glass unit supply cable when using.....4x2x0.8mm: up to 200m

The motor connection cable length to the junction box (or control module) must not exceed **10 m**.



# Cable plan



# Standard wiring diagram

# Various wiring diagrams



# Various wiring diagrams



#### When error message occur, please refer to chapter Operating elements and fuse review.

An acoustic message only occurs in the Break glass unit with the door closed or the door contact switch pressed!

- 1) The control centre is completely installed, without the operating voltage applied
  - a) Check all mechanical and electrical components for damage.
  - b) Check the DIP slide switches in the control centre for their correct (required) position.
  - c) Check all screw and plug connections for tightness and/or firm seating.
  - d) Check that all external components are installed. Actuators: Is the final module at the last or only actuator inserted? Automatic detectors: Is the active end module at the last or only detector inserted?
    - Manual detectors: Is the jumper **only** inserted in the last or only operating panel?

#### 2) <u>With mains voltage, without accumulator</u>

Adhere to the relevant regulations! Externally disconnect the mains voltage.

- a) Connect the mains cables and reapply the mains voltage.
- b) The mains LED is ON, the operating LED is OFF, the accumulator LED is ON. The malfunction message at the operating panels is ON.

#### 3) With mains voltage, with accumulator

- a) Remove the protection film of the lateral adhesive tape for the 1.9 Ah battery, and firmly press the two batteries together according to the picture (next page).
- b) Remove the protection film from one face of the supplied foam rubber. Glue each foam rubber to the bottom side of the accumulators. Connect the accumulators to the black accumulator bridge according to the wiring diagram, then connect the red and the blue connection cable to the red and the black flat plug. Remove the bottom protection film of the foam rubber and insert the batteries in the control unit according to figure 1, and firmly press down to the housing bottom!
- c) Plug the red connection cable to the + and the blue connection to the flat plug of the control unit. Note: Check correct polarity!
- d) The operating LED is ON, the accumulator LED is OFF. The malfunction message at the operating panels is OFF.

#### 4) Ventilation button

- a) Closely observe the actuators during opening and closing. They must not be impaired in any position by the building structure. Also the motor connection cables must not be subject to pulling or crushing.
- b) Briefly actuate the Open button to have the actuators move open up to the final position. With the SW2/2 =ON (hold-to-run) setting, the actuators only move as long as the button is pressed. The OPEN display (if existing) in the button is ON.
- c) Briefly actuate the CLOSED button, the actuators close. The Open display is OFF.
- d) Press both buttons simultaneously while running, this corresponds to stop. The ventilation Open display is ON, the actuators stop.
- e) Briefly press the Closed button again, the actuators fully close, the Open display is OFF.

#### 5) Break glass unit

- a) Open the door and press the red Open button. The actuators move open through to the end position. The red alarm LED (also in the control unit) is ON, at the same time a permanent acoustic signal sounds (door contact pressed!).
- b) While running, press the Closed button at the ventilation button, then press both buttons, the actuators must neither close nor stop!
- c) Press the reset/Closed button in the break glass unit. The actuators close through to the end position. The ventilation function is released again. The red alarm LED (also in the control unit) and the signal generator are OFF.

#### 6) Break glass unit (secondary)

a) Check as described under 5). "Operation", "Malfunction" and the acoustic signal are missing!

#### 7) Automatic detectors

- a) Spray test aerosol on the detectors.
- b) The actuators move open through to the end position. The red LED in the detector, the red alarm LED (also in the control unit) and the permanent acoustic signal in the operating panel are ON.
- c) While running, press the Closed button at the ventilation button, then press both buttons, the actuators must neither close nor stop!
- d) Press the reset/Closed button in the operating panel. The actuators close through to the end position. The ventilation function is released again. The red alarm LED (also in the control unit) and the signal generator are OFF.

#### 8) Emergency power supply test

- a) Remove the mains fuse from the control centre. Adhere to the relevant regulations!
- b) The green mains and operating LED's are OFF, the yellow accumulator Led is flashing (control unit in the accumulator mode).

The malfunction message at the break glass unit is ON.

- c) The ventilation buttons are deactivated.
- d) If the actuators were open, they will automatically close after 2 minutes.
- e) Test the SHE trip and reset/closed as described under 5).
- f) Refit the mains fuse.
- g) The green mains and operating LED's are ON, the yellow accumulator LED is OFF. The malfunction message at the break glass units is OFF.

#### 9) Aktivation of internal check

- a) Disconnect the smoke vent unit from the mains and back-up batteries
- b) Exchange the blind jumper J2 for active jumper J1
- c) Reconnect the smoke vent unit to the mains and back-up batteries
- d) The operation LED flashes app. 10 seconds to control the activation

#### 10) Wind/rain detector

- a) Open the actuators with the ventilation button.
- b) Wet the rain sensor, the actuators will fully close, the green wind/rain LED in the control centre is ON.
- c) While running, press the Open button at the ventilation button, then press both buttons, the actuators must neither open nor stop!
- d) The Smoke trip has priority.

When the start-up was successful, then close the doors of the break glass units and of the control unit.

If the start-up was unsuccessful (error with one of the test run processes), please refer to the chapter **Function** description and **Operating elements and fuse review**. If necessary, check the wiring in accordance with the wiring diagram.



The units of the smoke detection and heat extraction system have to be checked, serviced and, if necessary, repaired at least once per year by the manufacturer or an authorised specialist company. We also recommend the above to be carried out for pure ventilation units.

Remove all soiling from the units of the smoke ventilation system. Check fastening and clamping screws for firm seating.

Carry out a test run of the entire system (see chapters Start-up and Test Run). Only have defective units repaired in our factory. Only install original spare parts.

Check the operational condition at regular intervals.

We recommend to sign a maintenance contract with the manufacturer or an authorised specialist company. All batteries coming with the smoke control unit as standard, have to be subjected to regular checks. Within the framework of the service, they have to be replaced after the specified 4 year operating period. Adhere to the laws governing the disposal of hazardous substances (e.g. batteries).